	BUREAU OF	E BOARD OF HEALTH VITAL STATISTICS CATE OF DEATH	Do not use this space.
1. PLACE OF DEATH JE LANGE TOWNShip	········· refiguration (a)	rict No. 865°	File No. /2 Registered No.
2. FULL NAME		St., Ward, (If r	nonresident give city or town and State) foreign birth? yrs. mes. ds.
PERSONAL AND STATIST	TICAL PARTICULARS	MEDICAL CER	TIFICATE OF DEATH
3. SEX 4. COLOR OR RACE	5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED ( DIVORCED (write the word)	16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY	AND YEAR) (Det 9th 192
SA. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF	- Single	that I last saw b.P.A., alive on	3, to n (19.2)
6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEA	1) June 23 1/9	death occurred, on the date stated above THE CAUSE OF DEATH® W	// /
7. AGE YEARS MONTHS 2 3.	DAYS II LESS than day,hrs ormin.		to Death
8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED  (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work	et Home	Decid	cutly
(h) General nature of industry, business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)		CONTRIBUTORY (SECONDARY)	
(c) Name of employer		18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED	(0.00111001)
9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN)	x co mo	IF NOTAT PLACE OF DEATH?	
10. NAME OF FATHER LEO	nard Full	- 1 🔨	7 DATE OF
(STATE OR COUNTRY)	OR TOWN TO EACH COULD	WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOST	avaler.
12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER	ada Rxus	(Signed)X	Cubool mo
13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY (STATE OR COUNTRY)	OR TOWN)TUPLO	(1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY	BATH, or in deaths from VIOLENT CAUSES, state r, and (2) whether ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, or
14. INFORMANT LEGICAL	a you fe	Hontomal. (See reverse side for addit	
(Address) Igno	MACHELETTE	20. UNDERTAKER  4 V. Cellast	Centy Oct 11 th, address calod 2

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association.)

Statement of Occupation.-Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry. and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill: (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile-factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer." "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the disease causing death, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Bronchopneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite); Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of .......... (name origin: "Cancer" is less definite: avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasma); Measles, Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease: Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions. such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition" "Marasmas," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," stro., when a definite disease can be astertained as the cause. Always qualify all discases resulting from childbirth or miscarriaga to Europe Res-cepticemia," "PUERPERAL perilonilis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. VIOLENT DEATHS State MEANS OF INJURY and qualify 89 ACCIDENTAL, BUICIDAL, OF HOMICIDAL, OF 88 probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; struck by railway train-accident; Revolver wound of headhomicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid—probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus), may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

-

Norm.—Individual offices may add to above list of undesirable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, crysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phiebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later. date.

Additional space for further statements

BY PHYSICIAN.

λ'n

## ALL INFORMATION CALLED MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH FOR MUST BE WRITTEN ON BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS THIS SUPPLEMENTARY. CERTIFICATE OF DEATH 1. PLACE OF DE Primary Registration District No. 6 Redistered No. (a) Residence. No. St., (Usual place of abode) ......Ward. (If nonresident give city or town and State) Length of residence in city or town where death occurred How lond in U.S., if of foreign hirth? MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS COLOR OR RACE 5. SINGLE, MARRIED, WIDOWED OR 16. DATE OF DEATH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR DIVORCED (write the word) 17. HEREBY CERATE That I attended deceased from ..... 5A. IF MARRIED, WIDOWED, OR DIVORCED HUSBAND OF (OR) WIFE OF 6. DATE OF BIRTH (MONTH, DAY AND YEAR) 7. AGE If LESS then 1 YEARS MONTHS DAYS hrs. 8. OCCUPATION OF DECEASED (a) Trade, profession, or particular kind of work ..... (b) General nature of industry. ASECOMDARY) business, or establishment in which employed (or employer) (c) Name of employer 18. WHERE WAS DISEASE CONTRACTED 9. BIRTHPLACE (CITY OR TOWN) IF NOT AT PLACE OF DEATHS. (STATE OR COUNTRY) DID AN OPERATION PRECEDE DEATHY...... DATE OF 10. NAME OF FATHER WAS THERE AN AUTOPSY?..... 11. BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (CITY OR TOWN) WHAT TEST CONFIRMED DIAGNOSISI..... RENTS (STATE OR COUNTRY) 12. MAIDEN NAME OF MOTHER , 19 (Address) \*State the Disnash Causing Drath, or in deaths from Violent Causes, state 13. BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (CITY TOWN)..... (1) MEANS AND NATURE OF INJURY, and (2) whether Accedental Science or (STATE OR COUNTRY) HOMICIDAL. (See reverse side for additional space.) 14. 19. PLACE OF BURIAL, CREMATION, OR REMOVAL DATE OF BURIAL (Address) 15. 20. UNDERTAKER Mar 10.26 () (16 **ADDRESS** REGISTRAR

(Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health-Association.)

Statement of Occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e.g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive Engineer, Civil Engineer, Stationary Fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial em-.'ployments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when. needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill, (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery, (a) Foreman, (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer. Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeepers who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife. Housework or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, State occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 urs.). For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

Statement of Cause of Death.—Name, first, the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH (the primary affection with respect to time and causation), using always the same accepted term for the same disease. Examples: Cerebrospinal fever (the only definite synonym is "Epidemic cerebrospinal meningitis"); Diphtheria (avoid use of "Croup"); Typhoid fever (never report

"Typhoid pneumonia"); Lobar pneumonia; Broncho-: pneumonia ("Pneumonia," unqualified, is indefinite): . Tuberculosis of lungs, meninges, peritoneum, etc., Carcinoma, Sarcoma, etc., of ---- (name origin; "Cancer" is less definite; avoid use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasm); Measles, Whooping cough, Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death). 29 ds.: Broncho-pneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anemia" (merely symptomatic). "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart failure," "Hemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uremia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "PUERPERAL septicemia," "PUERPERAL peritonitia." etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For violent deaths state means of INJURY and qualify as accidental, suicidal, or HOMICIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning: struck by railway train—accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, tetanus). may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)

Note.—Individual offices may add to above list of undestrable terms and refuse to accept certificates containing them. Thus the form in use in New York City states: "Certificates will be returned for additional information which give any of the following diseases, without explanation, as the sole cause of death: Abortion, cellulitis, childbirth, convulsions, hemorrhage, gangrene, gastritis, erysipelas, meningitis, miscarriage, necrosis, peritonitis, phlebitis, pyemia, septicemia, tetanus." But general adoption of the minimum list suggested will work vast improvement, and its scope can be extended at a later date.